

Enhancing photocatalytic, photoelectrochemical hydrogen evolution, and dye degradation using p-type NiCo₂O₄ spinel photocatalyst synthesized via tapioca leaf extract mediated process

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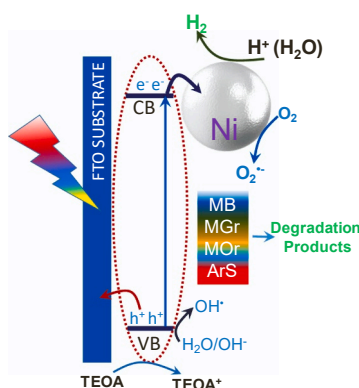
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HIGHLIGHTS

- Use of biomass (Tapioca leaf) to prepare advanced NiCoO@TaL material.
- Tailor made NiCoO@TaL for photoelectrochemical and photocatalytic H₂ evolution.
- Multi-dimensional synergy between Ni, Co, and green chemical route.
- Scavenger, TRPL, and Mott-Schottky methods were used to unfold synergism.
- High surface area, good recovery, and reuse of catalyst for eight consecutive cycles.

GRAPHICAL ABSTRACT



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ABSTRACT

The new energetic material is a matter of concern to overcome the environment and energy crisis. The photocatalytic efficiency of NiCo₂O₄ prepared via tapioca-leaf extract (NiCoO@TaL) mediated process for environment and energy application are explored in the present work. There was a significant improvement in the photocatalytic hydrogen evolution performance of NiCoO@TaL (1823 $\mu\text{mol g}^{-1}\text{h}^{-1}$) compared to the NiCoO@TaL in the absence of Triethanolamine (TEOA, 1052 $\mu\text{mol g}^{-1}\text{h}^{-1}$) and simple physical mixture NiCoO-Phy (526 $\mu\text{mol g}^{-1}\text{h}^{-1}$). The photoelectrochemical performance of NiCoO@TaL and NiCoO-phy was 0.75 mAcm^{-2} and 0.55

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